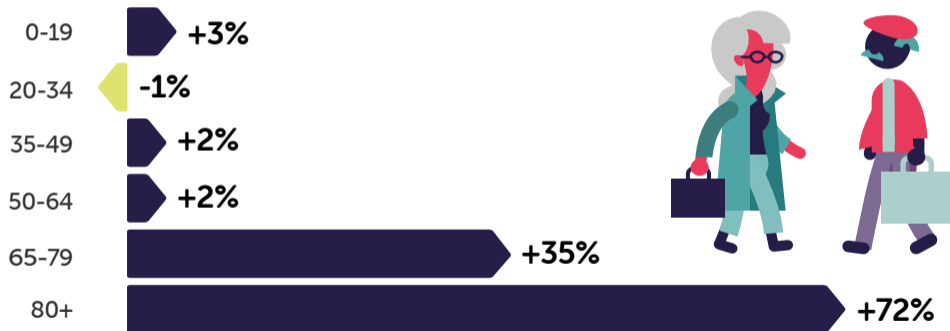


The number of people aged 65 and over will increase by more than 40% within 20 years



Source: Office of National Statistics, (2017), Principal projection - UK population in age groups, mid-2017 based.

For men in England, the lowest life expectancy at 65 is in Manchester. The highest is in Kensington and Chelsea



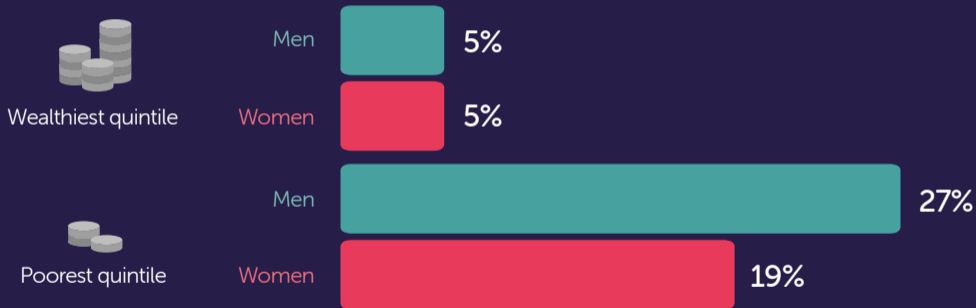
Source: Office of National Statistics, (2018), Health state life expectancies, UK: 2015 to 2017.

1 in 5 people aged 55-64 have a health problem
that limits the kind of work they can do



Source: J. Abell and N. Amin- Smith et. al (2018), The Dynamics of Ageing:
Evidence from the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing, Wave 8: 2002-2016.

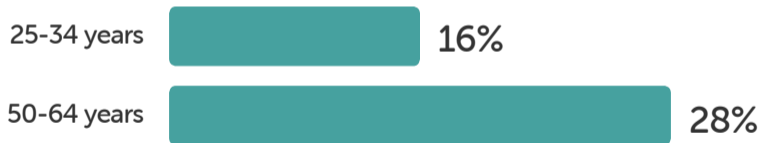
More than a quarter of the poorest men aged 50 and over are smokers, compared to 5% of the wealthiest



Source: J. Abell and N. Amin-Smith et. al (2018), The Dynamics of Ageing: Evidence from the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing, Wave 8: 2002-2016.

The proportion of 50-64 year olds not in work is double that of 25-34 year olds

Proportion of age group not in work



93% of our current homes
fail accessibility standards



Source: Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government, (2016),
English Housing Survey 2014 to 2015: adaptations and accessibility of homes report.

Compared to the wealthiest quintile, the poorest quintile of men aged 50 and over are:

3x



more likely to have
chronic heart disease

2x



more likely to have
Type 2 diabetes

2x

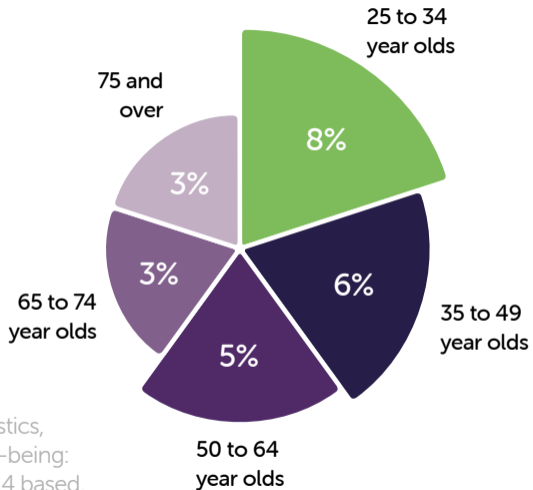


more likely to have
arthritis

Source: J. Abell and N. Amin-Smith et. al (2018), The Dynamics of Ageing: Evidence from the English Longitudinal Study of Ageing, Wave 8: 2002-2016.

Loneliness affects people of all ages

Percentage of people who feel lonely often or all of the time



Source: Office of National Statistics, (2018), Measuring national well-being: domains and measures, 2013-14 based.